

RUBY BLOCK

Ready to use Block bait, which containing 0.005%w/w of Difenacoum (CAS Number: 56073-07-5)

Authorisation No: UK-2013-0693

Application: For use in and Around Building

Pest controlled: Brown Rat (*Rattus Norvegicus*), Roof rat, House rat (*Rattus rattus*) and House Mouse (*Mus Musculus*)

Instruction for Use: For use against mice, commercially available bait stations (prefilled or refillable) or covered bait points are authorised.

For use against rats, commercially available tamper resistant bait stations (prefilled or refillable) only are authorised. For both rats and mice, the bait should be supplied in inner packs or units, containing at most enough bait for one point (either rat or mouse). Bait stations/bait points are manually placed in the rodent infested area. Ideally bait boxes should be fixed to the ground. The product must never be placed indiscriminately. Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry). Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimize the risk of consumption by other animals or children. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away.

Application rate: For rat infestations use bait points of 90-100 g. Place bait points 10 m apart reducing to 5 m in high infestations. Do not move or disturb bait points for several days after laying bait. If no signs of rat activity are seen near the bait after 7-10 days, move the bait to an area of higher rat activity. For mouse infestations use bait points of 20-30g. Place bait points 5 m apart reducing to 3 m in high infestations. Mice are very inquisitive and it may help the control program to move baits every 2-3 days at the time when bait points are inspected or topped up. Make frequent inspections of the bait points during the first 10-14 days and replace any bait eaten by rodents or that has been damaged by water or contaminated by dirt

Precautions: Wash hands and exposed skin before meals and after use. Keep locked up and out of the reach of children. Keep/Store away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wear suitable gloves. IF SWALLOWED, Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from oxidising agents. Keep in original container.

Public area use: When the product is being used in public areas, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits. When tamper resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed.

Particulars of likely direct or indirect adverse effects and first aid instructions: Difenacoum is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; this may be delayed for several days after exposure. If there is no active bleeding the INR (prothrombin time) should be measured on presentation and 48-72 hours after exposure. If the INR is greater than 4, administer Vitamin K1 (phytomenadione) 5-10 mg by slow intravenous injection (100 µg/kg body weight for a child).

Treatment with phytomenadione (orally or intravenously) may be required for several weeks. The advice of the National Poisons Information Service (<http://www.npis.org/>) should be sought, particularly if active bleeding occurs. Antidote vitamin K1 (under medical supervision). UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice. In case of accident, or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). In case of contact with skin, wash with soap and water. Remove and launder any contaminated clothing. In case of contact with eyes, remove contact lenses if present and rinse the eye slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Seek medical advice immediately. In case of ingestion or if swallowed seek medical advice immediately.

Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time, the likely cause should be determined.

Disposal measures: Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements. Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment, at least as often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Dead rodents and bait found outside bait stations should be disposed of using protective gloves. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances. Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. In the UK poisoned rodents should be double-bagged using plastic bags and either disposed of in a household waste bin with a secure lid to prevent access of wildlife or pets or collected by a specialist waste contractor or the local authority.

720 g

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